



**Barcelona
Supercomputing
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Centro Nacional de Supercomputación



Extrae & Paraver Hands-On

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Copy files for the hands-on

- You can download the material for most of the hands on from the web site <https://tools.bsc.es/tools-hands-on>.
- No binaries are provided, but you can follow the Extrae part with your own code.

```
> ls -l tools-material
... clustering/
... dimemas/
... extrae/
... traces/
```

Using Extrae in 3 steps

1. **Adapt** your job submission scripts
 2. **Configure** what to trace (optional)
 - XML configuration file
 - Example configurations at `$EXTRAE_HOME/share/example`
 3. **Run it!**
- For further reference check the **Extrae User Guide**:
 - <https://tools.bsc.es/sites/default/files/documentation/html/extrae/index.html>
 - Also distributed with Extrae at `$EXTRAE_HOME/share/doc`

Step 1: Adapt the job script to load Extrae (LD_PRELOAD)

```
> vi tools-material/extrae/job_27p.sh
```

job_27p.sh

```
#!/bin/bash  
# @ initialdir = .  
# @ output = lulesh2_27p.out  
# @ error = lulesh2_27p.err  
# @ total_tasks = 27  
# @ cpus_per_task = 1  
# @ wall_clock_limit = 00:10:00
```

Request resources

```
mpirun -np 27 ./lulesh2.0 -i 10 -s 65
```

Run the program

Step 1: Adapt the job script to load Extrae (LD_PRELOAD)

```
> vi tools-material/extrae/job_27p.sh
```

job_27p.sh

```
#!/bin/bash
# @ initialdir = .
# @ output = lulesh2_27p.out
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# @ total_tasks = 27
# @ cpus_per_task = 1
# @ wall_clock_limit = 00:10:00
```

```
module load extrae
```

```
TRACE_NAME=lulesh2_27p.prv
mpirun -np 27 ./trace.sh ./lulesh2.0 -i 10 -s 65
```

← Load Extrae

← Activate Extrae
in the execution

Step 1: Adapt the job script to load Extrae (LD_PRELOAD)

```
> vi tools-material/extrae/trace.sh
```

```
#!/bin/bash
# @ initialdir = .
# @ output = lulesh2_27p.out
# @ error = lulesh2_27p.err
# @ total_tasks = 27
# @ cpus_per_task = 1
# @ wall_clock_limit = 00:10:00

module load extrae

TRACE_NAME=lulesh2_27p.prv
mpirun -np 27 ./trace.sh ./lulesh2.0 -i 10 -s 65
```

trace.sh

```
#!/bin/bash

# Configure Extrae
export EXTRAE_CONFIG_FILE=./extrae.xml

# Load the tracing library (choose C/Fortran)
export LD_PRELOAD=${EXTRAE_HOME}/lib/libmpitrace.so
#export LD_PRELOAD=${EXTRAE_HOME}/lib/libmpitracef.so

# Run the program
$*
```

Select
“what to trace”

Select your
type of application

Step 1: Which tracing library?

- Choose depending on the application type

Library	Serial	MPI	OpenMP	pthread	CUDA
libseqtrace	✓				
libmpitrace[f] ¹		✓			
libompitrace			✓		
libpttrace				✓	
libcudatrace					✓
libompitrace[f] ¹		✓	✓		
libptmpitrace[f] ¹		✓		✓	
libcudampitrace[f] ¹		✓			✓

¹ include suffix “f” in Fortran codes

Step 3: Run it!

- Submit your job

```
> cd tools-material/extrae  
> qsub job_27p.sh
```


All done! Check your resulting trace

- Once finished you will have the trace (3 files):

```
> ls -l tools-material/extrae
...
lulesh2_27p.pcf
lulesh2_27p.prv
lulesh2_27p.row
```

- To proceed with the example traces already generated here:

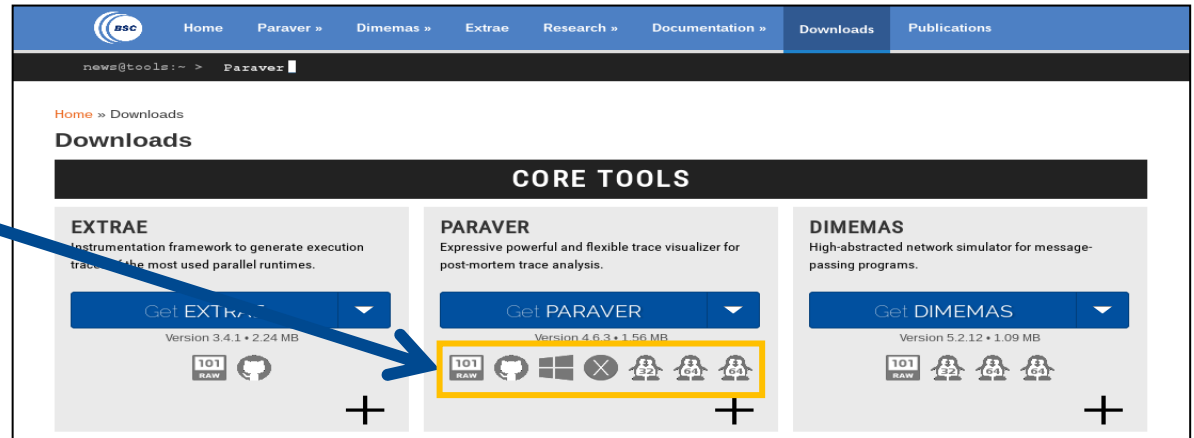
```
> ls tools-material/traces
```





- Now let's look into it !

Install Paraver

- Download from <https://tools.bsc.es/downloads>

Pick your version



-  wxparaver-4.7.2-win.zip
-  wxparaver-4.7.2-mac.zip
-  wxparaver-4.7.2-Linux_i686.tar.gz (32-bits)
-  wxparaver-4.7.2-Linux_x86_64.tar.gz (64-bits)

Install Paraver (II)

- Download tutorials:
 - Documentation
 - Tutorial guidelines

The screenshot shows the Paraver website documentation page. The navigation bar includes links for Home, Paraver, Dimemas, Extrae, Research, Documentation, Downloads, and Publications. A dropdown menu under Documentation is open, showing 'Tools manuals', 'Tutorial guidelines', and 'MareNostrum users'. The main content area is titled 'Home » Documentation » Tutorial Guidelines'. It contains a paragraph about installing tutorials, with 'tar.gz format' and '.zip format' circled in blue. Below this is a list of tutorial links, with 'Paraver introduction (MPI)' circled in blue. A blue box labeled 'Download links' has two arrows pointing to the circled text. The page also features sections for 'Methodology of analysis' and 'Tutorial slides', and a table with 'Core tools' and 'Advanced features'.

Home » Documentation » Tutorial Guidelines

These six tutorials can be opened with wxParaver versions newer than 4.3.0, and you'll be able to follow the steps within the tool. To install them, download and unzip the package and follow the instructions of the Help/Tutorial option on the Paraver main window. You can download them in a single package either in [tar.gz format](#) (127 Mb) or [zip format](#) (27 Mb).

- [Paraver introduction \(MPI\)](#) Start here to familiarize with Paraver basic commands and the first steps of a performance analysis.
- [Dimemas introduction](#) The basic steps to learn how to configure and run the Dimemas simulator and to start looking at the results.
- [Introduction to Paraver and Dimemas methodology](#) This tutorial presents different ways to analyze a MPI application through well-known rules, their diagnosis and how they impact on your exploration (no trace included).
- [Methodology](#) This tutorial shows some examples of the analysis that can be done using the provided configuration files.
- [Tutorial on HydroC analysis](#) (MPI, Dimemas, CUDA) One example of performance analysis of the MPI application Hydro and further simulations with Dimemas.
- [Trace preparation](#) Look at this tutorial to select a representative region for a large trace that cannot be loaded into memory.
- [Trace alignment tutorial](#). If you identify some unexpected unalignments or backwards communications, use this tutorial to learn how to correct shifts between processors.

Methodology of analysis
MPI+OpenMP Performance Analysis tips

Tutorial slides
Introduction

Core tools	Advanced features
Paraver , Detailed material	Tools scalability
Dimemas	Clustering
Extrae	Sampling

Uncompress, rename & move

- Command-line

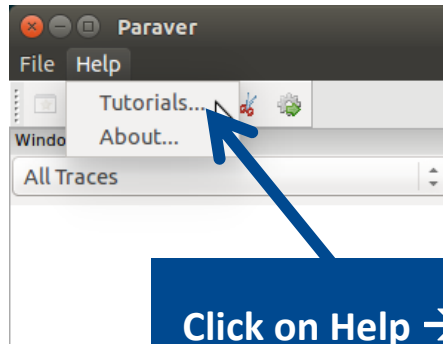
```
> tar xf wxparaver-4.7.2-linux-x86_64.tar.gz
> mv wxparaver-4.6.2-linux-x86_64 paraver
> tar xf paraver-tutorials-20150526.tar.gz
> mv paraver-tutorials-20150526 paraver/tutorials
```

Check that everything works

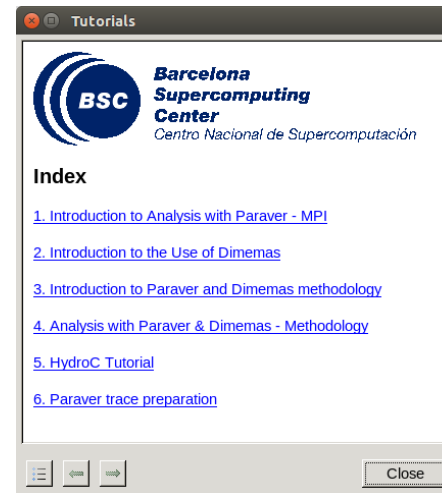
- Start Paraver

```
> paraver/bin/wxparaver
```

- Check that tutorials are available

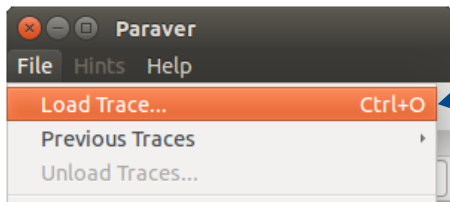


Click on Help → Tutorials



First steps of analysis

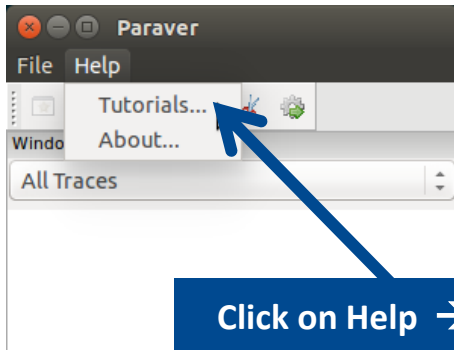
- Load the trace with Paraver



Click on File → Load Trace → Browse to "lulesh2_27p.prv"

- Follow Tutorial #3

- Introduction to Paraver and Dimemas methodology



Click on Help → Tutorials



Measure the parallel efficiency

- Click on “`mpi_stats.cfg`”
 - Check the **Average** for the column labeled “**Outside MPI**”

To measure the parallel efficiency load the configuration file `cfgs/mpi/mpi_stats.cfg`. This configuration pops up a table with %time of every thread spends in every MPI call. Look at the global statistics at the bottom of the outside mpi column. Entry *Average* represents the application parallel efficiency, entry *Avg/Max* represents the global load balance and entry *Maximum* represents communication efficiency. If any of those values are lower than recommended to look at the corresponding metric in detail. Control window to identify the phases and iterations of the code.

- To measure the computation time distribution load the configuration file `cfgs/general/2dh_usefulduration.cfg`. This configuration pops up a histogram of the duration for the computation regions. The computation regions are delimited by the exit from the call and the entry to the next call. If the histogram does not show vertical lines, it indicates the computation time may be not be correlated. Open the control window to look at the time distribution and correlate both views.
- To measure the computational load (instructions) distribution load the configuration file `cfgs/general/2dh_usefulduration.cfg`. This configuration pops up a histogram of the duration for the computation regions. The computation regions are delimited by the exit from the call and the entry to the next call. If the histogram does not show vertical lines, it indicates the computation time may be not be correlated. Open the control window to look at the time distribution and correlate both views.

	Outside MPI	MPI_Isend	MPI_Irecv	MPI_Wait	MPI_Waitall	MPI_Barrier	MPI_Reduce
THREAD 1.20.1	78.99 %	0.31 %	0.04 %	0.46 %	3.74 %	0.06 %	0.01 %
THREAD 1.21.1	83.57 %	0.27 %	0.03 %	0.07 %	1.37 %	0.01 %	1.07 %
THREAD 1.22.1	80.07 %	0.27 %	0.05 %	0.78 %	3.63 %	0.26 %	0.00 %
THREAD 1.23.1	94.47 %	0.40 %	0.06 %	0.28 %	1.45 %	0.06 %	0.00 %
THREAD 1.24.1	84.40 %	0.34 %	0.04 %	0.16 %	4.52 %	0.07 %	0.00 %
THREAD 1.25.1	93.82 %	0.18 %	0.03 %	0.03 %	2.53 %	0.23 %	0.00 %
THREAD 1.26.1	85.30 %	0.27 %	0.04 %	0.56 %	3.89 %	0.07 %	0.00 %
THREAD 1.27.1	92.65 %	0.27 %	0.03 %	0.31 %	1.52 %	0.04 %	0.00 %
Total	2,307.52 %	10.32 %	1.37 %	6.66 %	64.78 %	2.51 %	4.06 %
Average	85.46 %	0.38 %	0.05 %	0.25 %	2.40 %	0.09 %	0.15 %
Maximum	98.16 %	0.71 %	0.10 %	0.78 %	4.62 %	0.26 %	1.07 %
Minimum	75.96 %	0.04 %	0.03 %	0.03 %	0.48 %	0.00 %	0.00 %
StDev	5.29 %	0.14 %	0.02 %	0.18 %	1.39 %	0.08 %	0.32 %
Avg/M	0.87	0.54	0.49	0.32	0.52	0.36	0.14

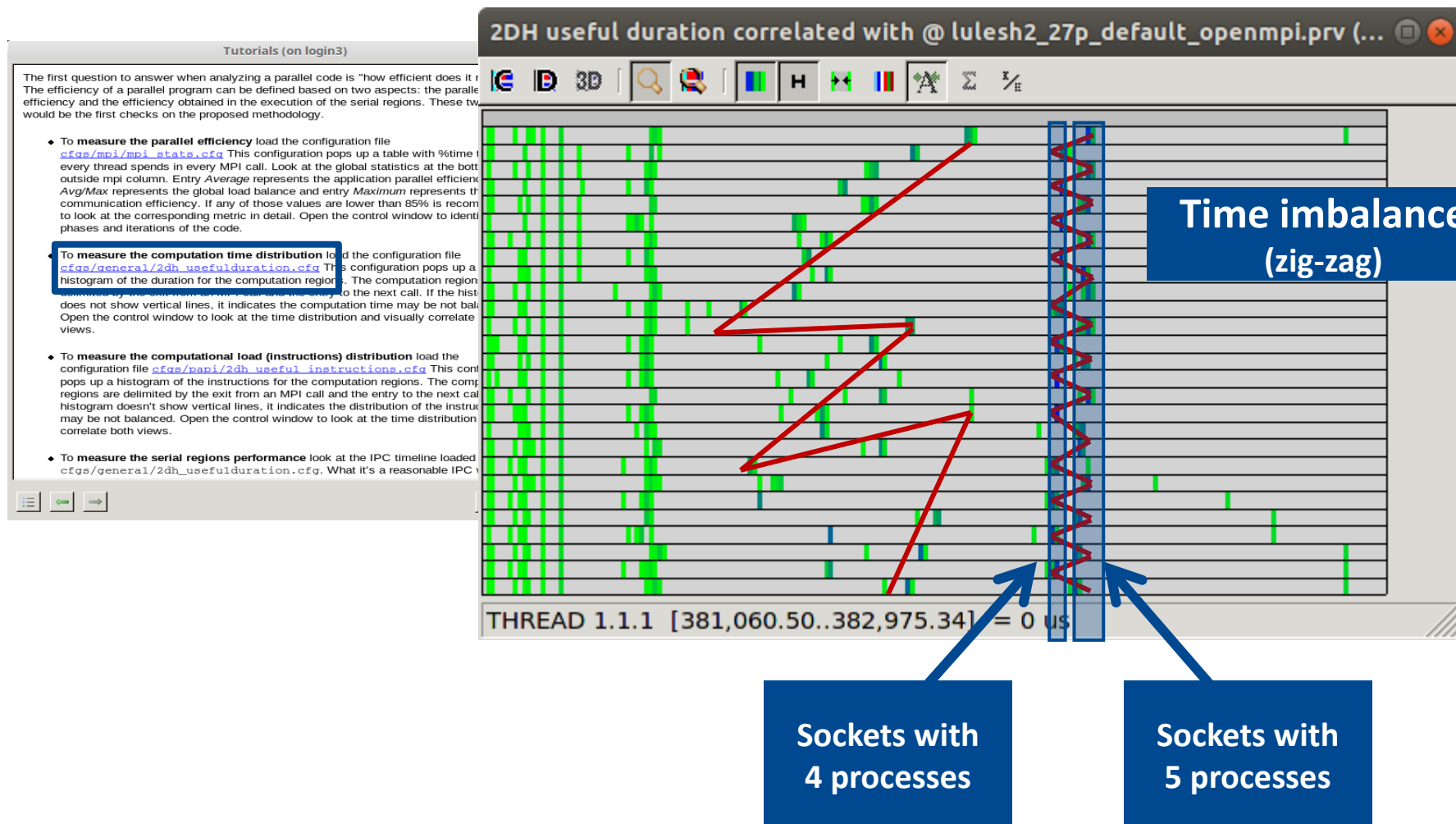
Parallel efficiency

Comm efficiency

Load balance

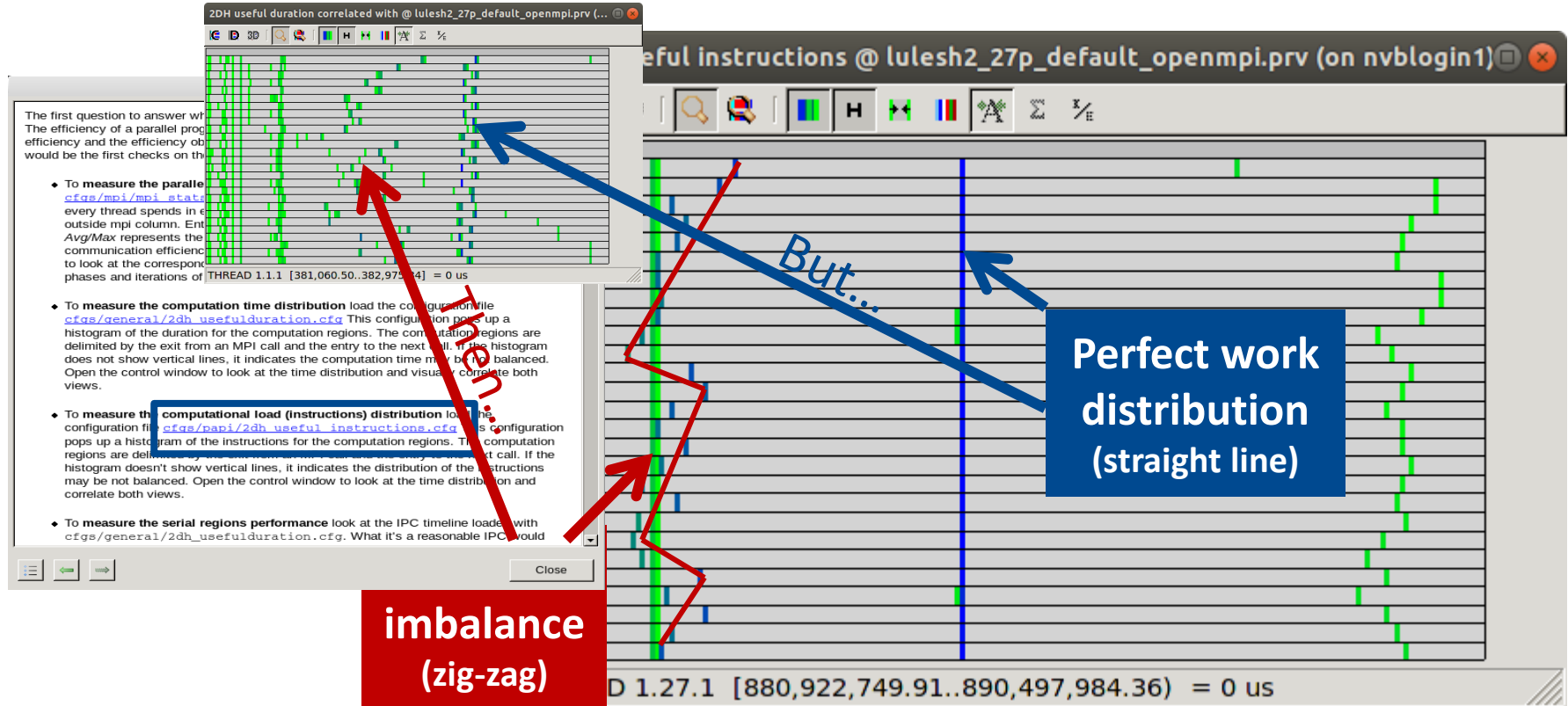
Computation load & time distribution

- Click on “2dh_usefulduration.cfg” (2nd link) → Shows **time computing**



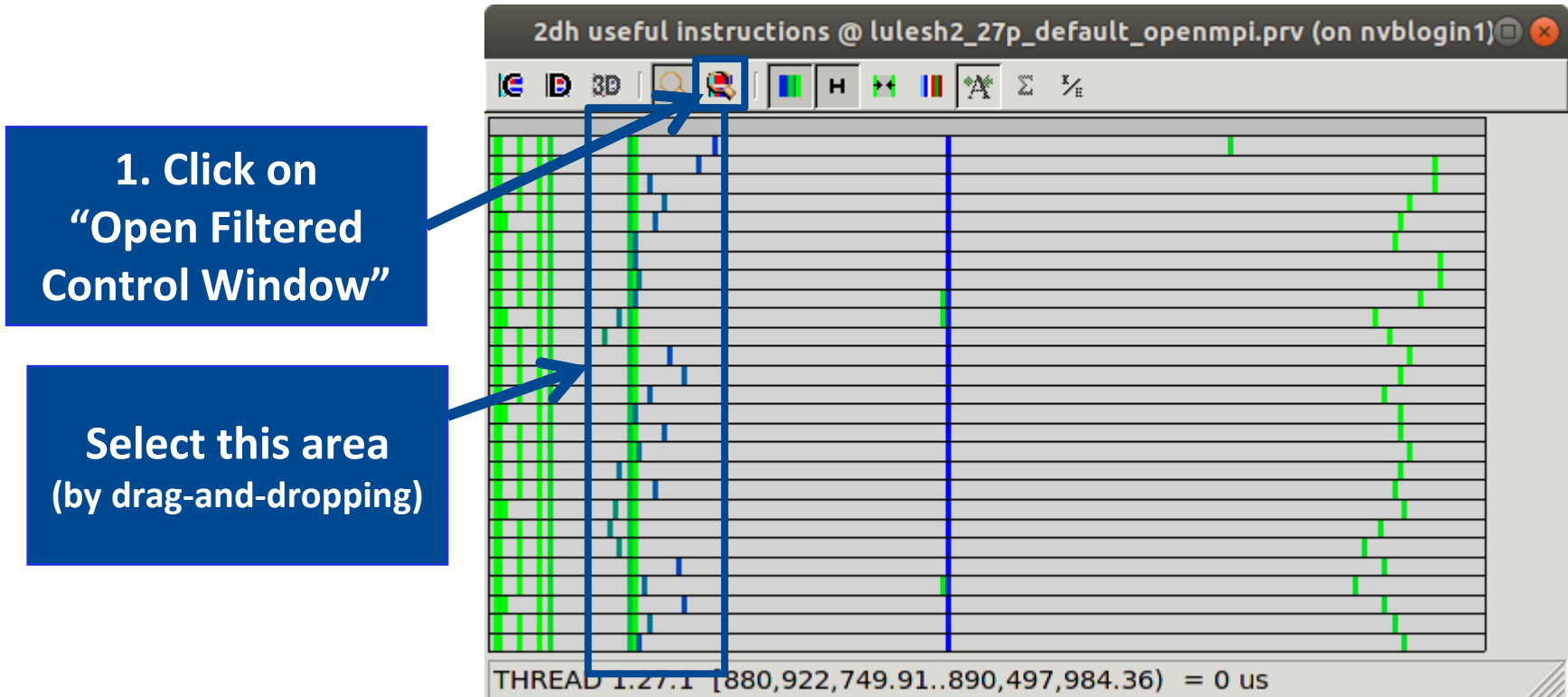
Computation load & time distribution

- Click on “2dh_useful_instructions.cfg” (3rd link) → Shows amount of work

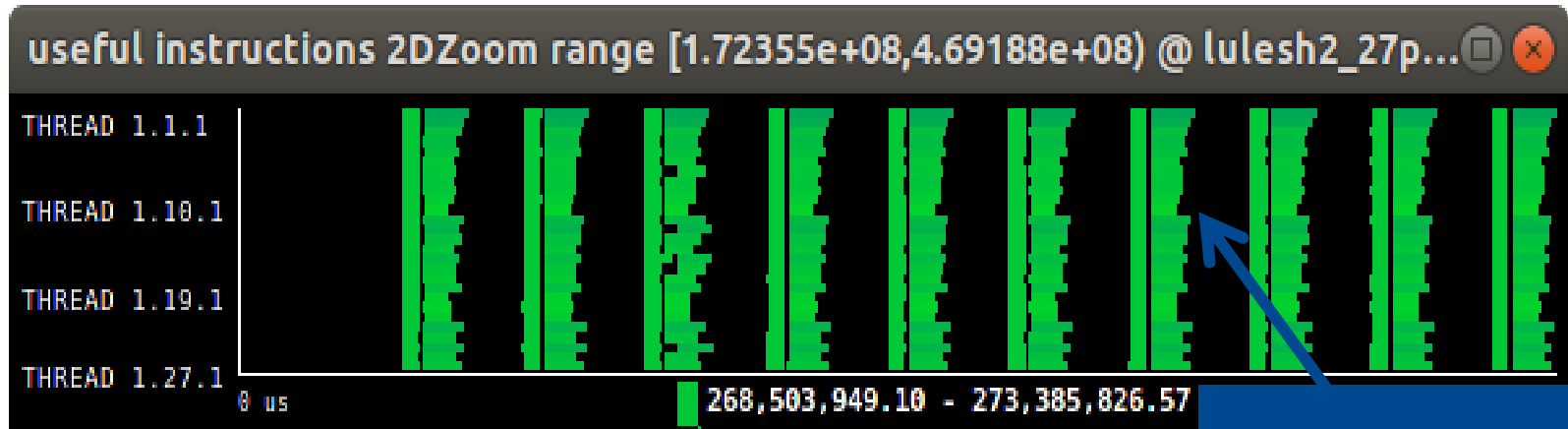


Where does this happen?

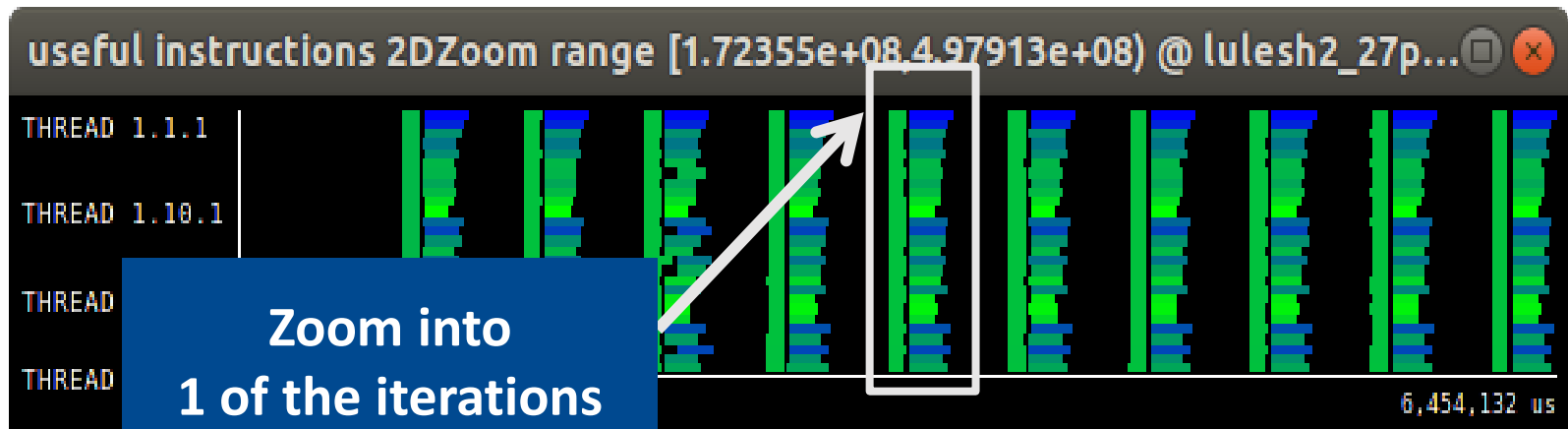
- Go from the table to the timeline



Where does this happen?



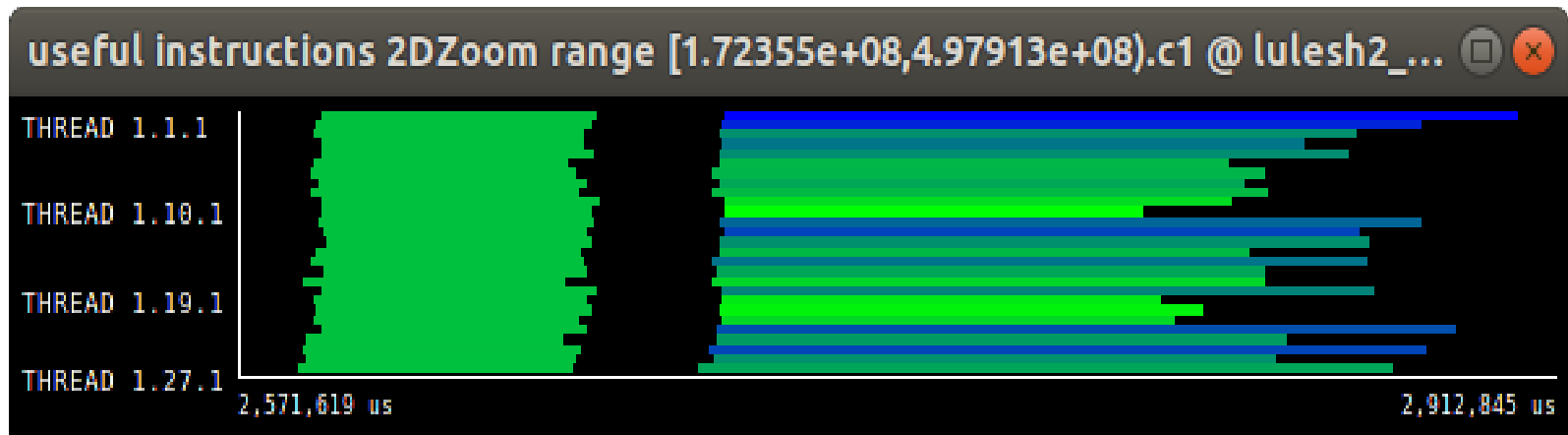
Right click → Fit
Semantic Scale →
Fit both



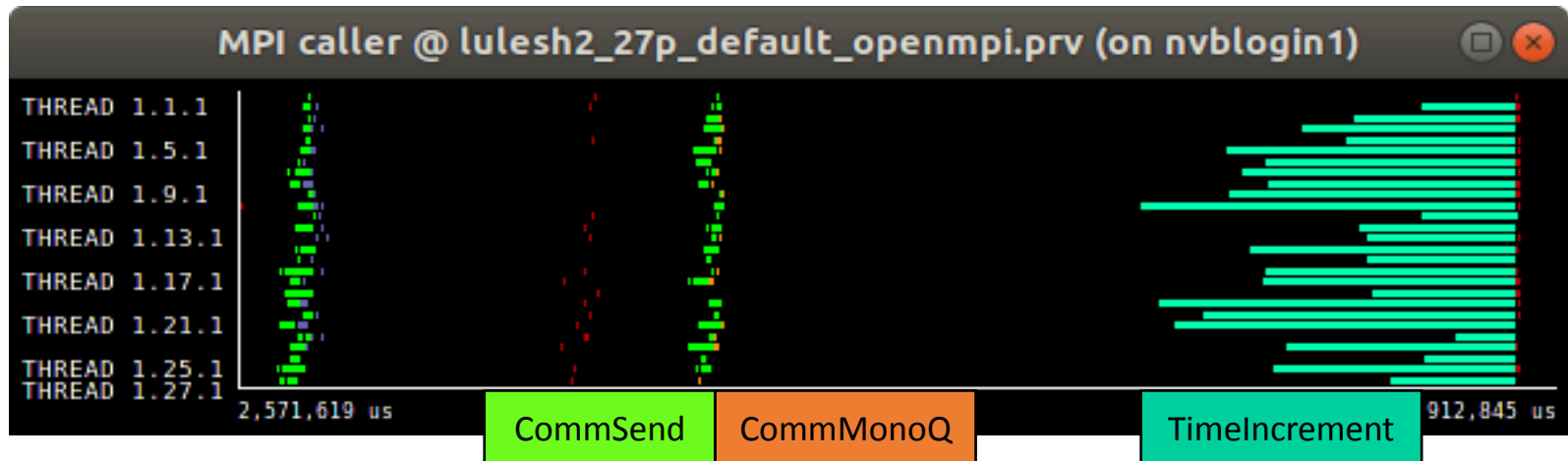
Zoom into
1 of the iterations
(by drag-and-dropping)

Where does this happen?

- **Slow** & **Fast** at the same time? → Imbalance

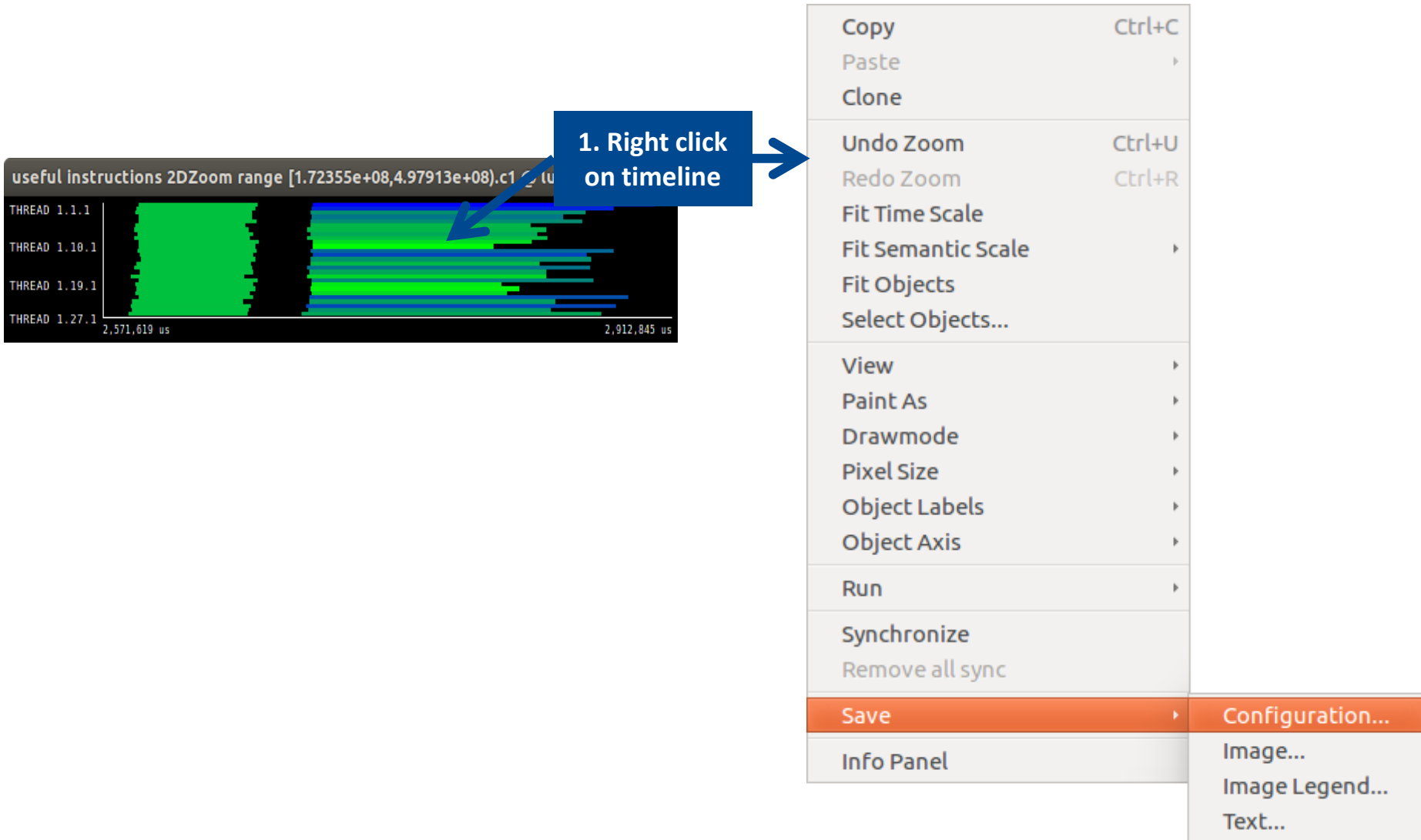


- Reference to the source code: Hints → Callers → Caller function



Save CFG's (2 methods)

- From the contextual menu

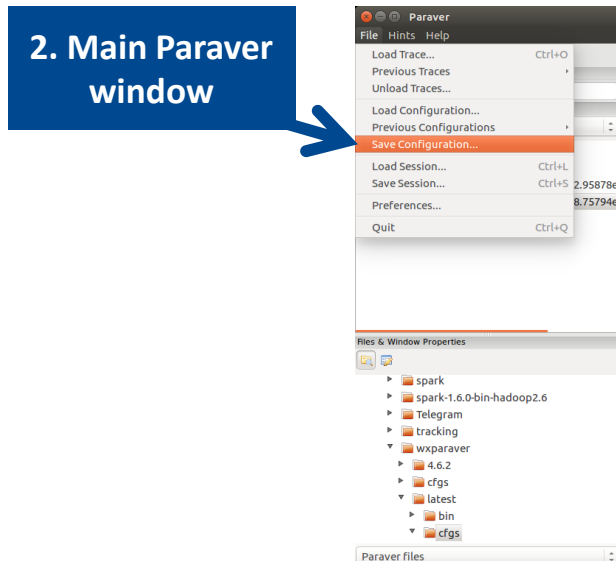
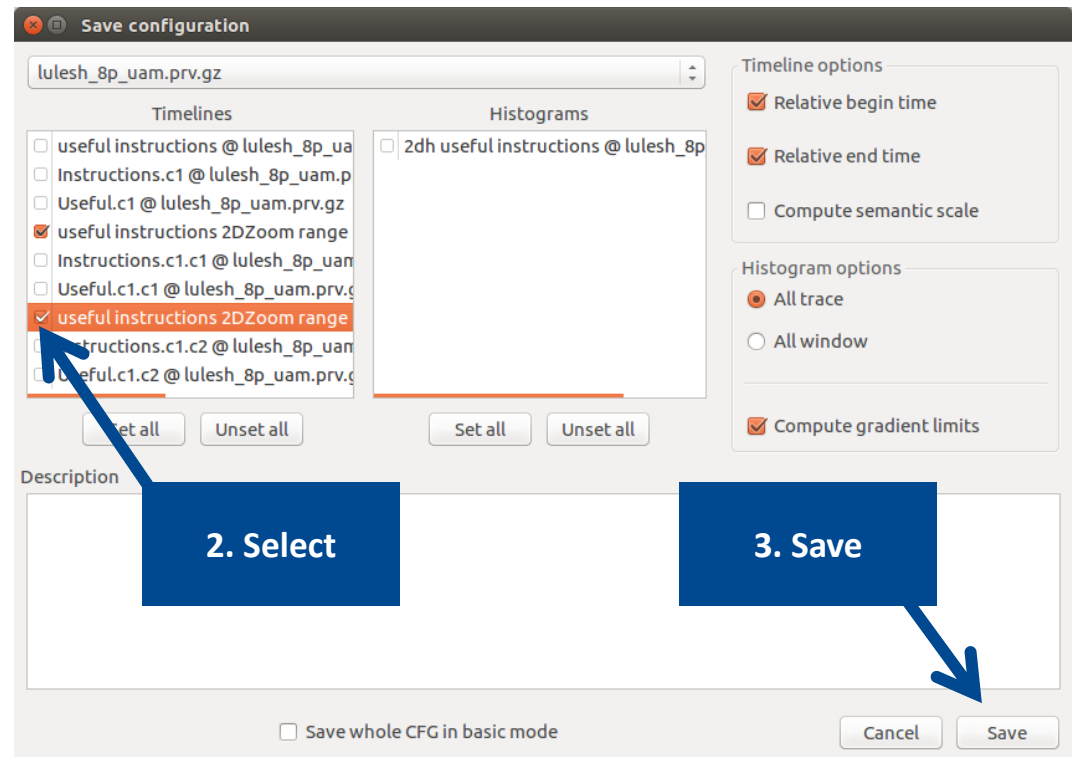
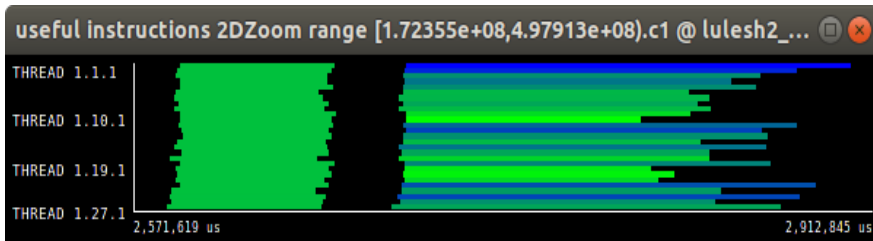


1. Right click on timeline

Copy	Ctrl+C
Paste	▶
Clone	
Undo Zoom	Ctrl+U
Redo Zoom	Ctrl+R
Fit Time Scale	
Fit Semantic Scale	▶
Fit Objects	
Select Objects...	
View	▶
Paint As	▶
Drawmode	▶
Pixel Size	▶
Object Labels	▶
Object Axis	▶
Run	▶
Synchronize	
Remove all sync	
Save	▶ Configuration...
Info Panel	
	Image...
	Image Legend...
	Text...

Save CFG's (2 methods)

- From Paraver main window

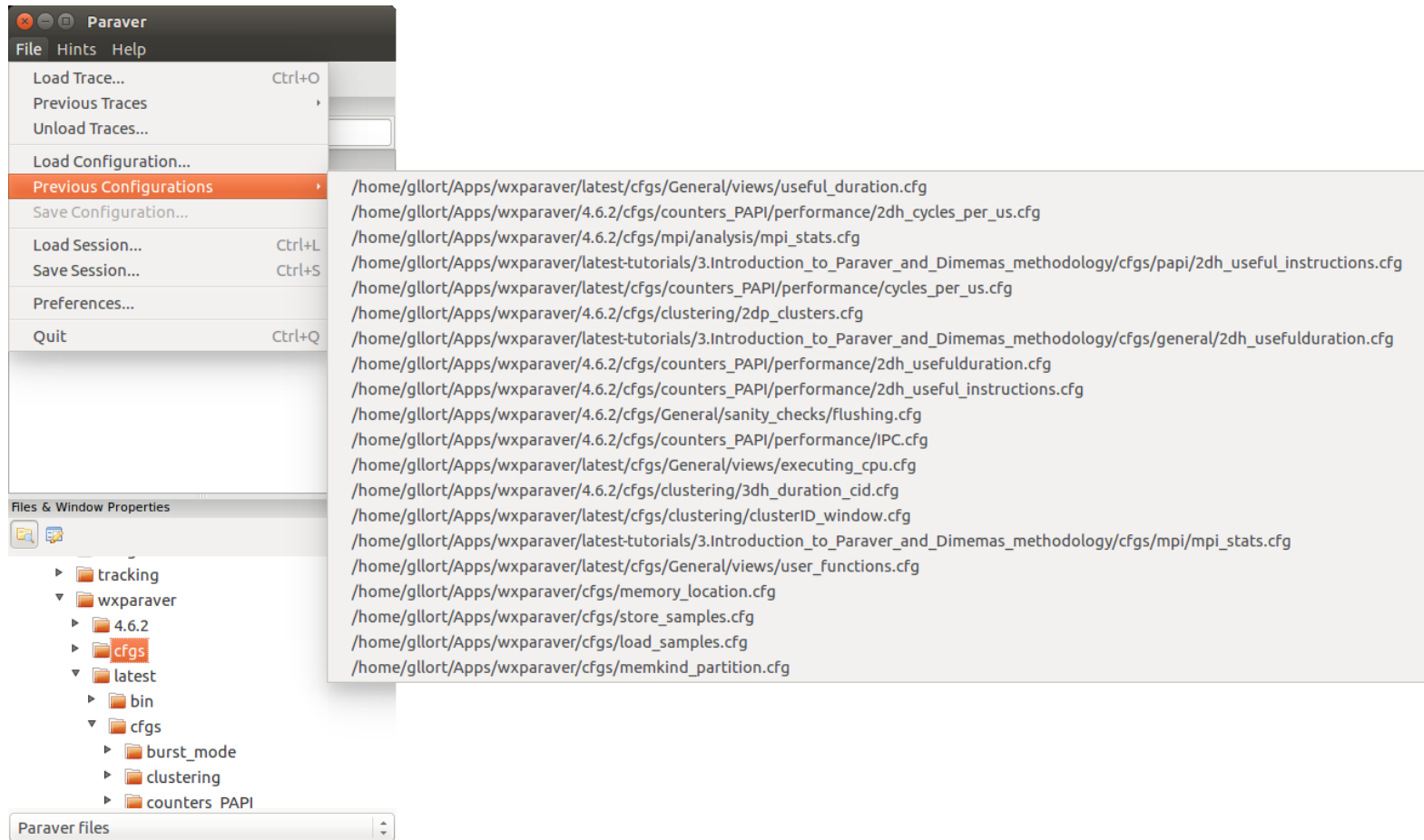


2. Select

3. Save

CFG's distribution

- Paraver comes with many more included CFG's



Hints: a good place to start!

- Paraver suggests CFG's based on the information present in the trace

